# Brandon Valley School District District Learning Plan May 4-8, 2020

# Grade 1 Reading



LESSON/UNIT: ELA	SUBJECT/GRADE: Reading / Grade 1 DATES: May 4-8, 2020
What do students need to do? Link to BV instructional video for week of May 4-8, 2020	<ul> <li>Monday (5/4): Phonics - Diphthongs oi &amp; oy <ul> <li>Read "Roy and Joyce Join In" book (PDF attached)</li> <li>Complete Diphthongs oi, oy phonics pg. 553</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tuesday (5/5): Reading Comprehension <ul> <li>Read "Simple Machines at Work" (PDF attached)</li> <li>Complete Main Idea and Details Comprehension pg. 122</li> </ul> </li> <li>Wednesday (5/6): Writing <ul> <li>Reread "Simple Machines at Work" (PDF attached)</li> <li>Draw a picture of a simple machine. Label your picture. Write a sentence(s) to go with it that describes how it works. Use the blank writing page.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Thursday (5/7): STEM Activity <ul> <li>Simple Machines STEM activity (PDF attached)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Friday (5/8): Fluency &amp; Comprehension <ul> <li>Read "Keep Your Hands Clean" pg. 201-202 passage and answer comprehension questions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
What do students need	1. Diphthongs oi, oy phonics pg. 553
to bring back to school?	<ol> <li>"Simple Machines at Work" Writing page</li> <li>"Keep Your Hands Clean" Comprehension questions pg. 202</li> </ol>
What standards do the lessons cover?	<b>RF.1.3</b> Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words
	<ul><li>RI.1.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text</li><li>RI.1.10 With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.</li></ul>
	<b>W.1.8</b> With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gathe information from provided sources to answer a question
What materials do students need? What extra resources can students use?	Materials Needed: <ul> <li>"Simple Machines at Work" leveled reader (PDF attached)</li> <li>"Roy and Joyce Join In" decodable reader (PDF attached)</li> </ul>
What can students do if they finish early?	<ul> <li>Read for 20 minutes</li> <li><u>https://www.starfall.com/h/index-grades123.php</u></li> <li><u>https://jr.brainpop.com/</u></li> </ul>

Who can we contact if	Brandon Elementary
we have questions?	Building Principal:
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Notes: Take pictures of yo	our STEM activity - your teachers would love to see the simple machines you create at home!

Have fun!

#### Instructional materials are posted below (if applicable)

Brandon Valley School District

## Roy and Joyce Join In

Written by Regina Belasco



Decodable

Practice Reader

**28A** 

Diphth	ongs <i>o</i>	i, oy				
Floyd	Joy	Hoy	boy	join	Roy	Joyce
oils	joints	coils	hoist	voice	choice	toy
boil	noisy	moist	spoil	joyful	soil	
Inflecte	ed Endi	ng -es				
rushes		crashes		watches		
Adding	g Endin	gs (Dro	op Final	e)		
named		smiling		races		
High	Freque	ency W	ords			
a	t	ne	across			
into	tl	ney	have			
everyt	hing c	ıgain	are			217

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)Pride and Joy

Floyd owns a sailboat named Pride and Joy. In the summer Floyd sails his boat across huge Lake Hoy.

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This time a boy and a girl join the sailboat's crew. Roy and Joyce will help Floyd. They are smiling.

219

Roy oils gears and joints. Joyce wraps ropes into neat coils. They help hoist the sails.

220

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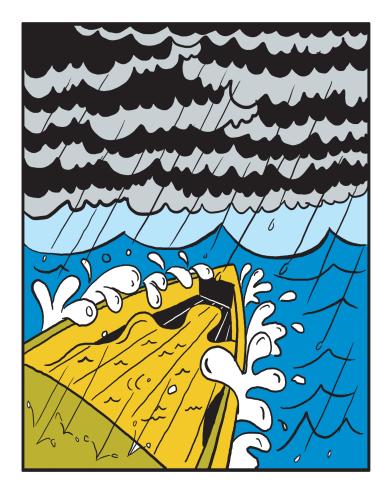
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The crew races quickly when Floyd talks. They have no choice. Floyd is in charge.

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The sailboat rushes into a bad storm. It bounces like a toy boat in a bathtub. A wave boils up and crashes on deck.

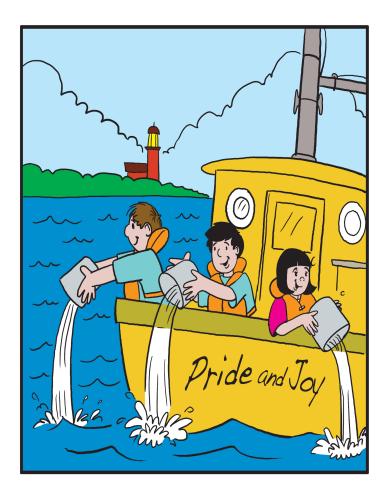
222

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At last, the noisy wind and rain die down. Floyd watches the sky. He says, "It's clearing up."

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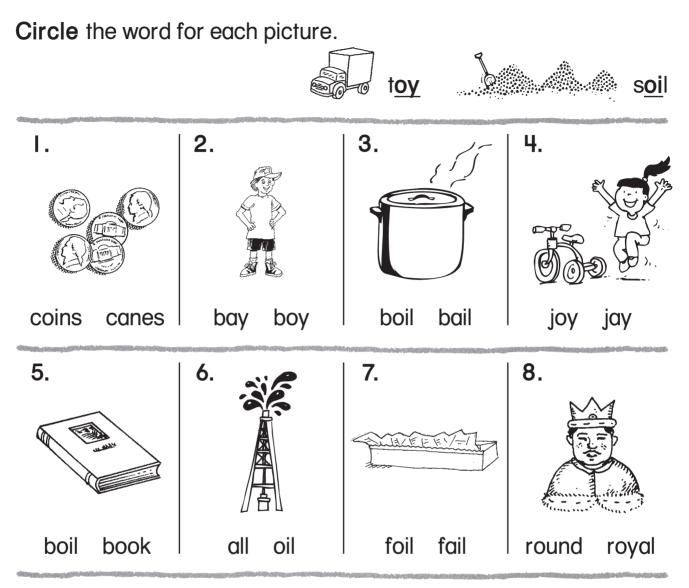
Everything is a little moist, but a storm can't spoil this trip. Still, the crew is joyful when they step on soil again.

### 224

223

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Name



Pick a word to finish each sentence. Write the word in the sentence.

9. May I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you for lunch? (jolly, join)
IO. My favorite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a racing car. (tray, toy)
II. The meat will \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the hot sun. (spoil, spool)



**Home Activity** Your child read and wrote words with *oi* and *oy* as heard in *toy* and *soil*. Have your child sort the *oi* and *oy* words on this page and make two lists. Then have him or her read the words aloud.

Suggested levels for Guided Reading, DRA™ Lexile<sup>®</sup> and Reading Recovery<sup>™</sup> are provided in the Pearson Scott Foresman Leveling Guide.

**Physical Science** 

# Simple Nachines at Work

Science

Science



## by Mary Katherine Tate

Genre	Comprehension Skills and Strategy	Text Features
Expository nonfiction	<ul> <li>Main Idea</li> <li>Compare and Contrast</li> <li>Summarize</li> </ul>	• Labels

Scott Foresman Reading Street 1.5.4





## I())

# Simple Nachines at Work



by Mary Katherine Tate



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## **I**())

When someone says the word *machine,* do you think of a slide or a jar lid? These objects really are machines. They are called simple machines. Simple machines help you do work with less force.

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 V010 14 13 12 11 10 09 08 07 06 05



There are six kinds of simple machines. Have you ever seen any of these machines before?

To understand how simple machines work, you need to know about force. Force makes things move. You use force when you push against something or pull something.



## **(**))

Look at the pictures. In one, a boy is lifting a heavy box. In the other, a boy is using a ramp. It takes less force to slide the box up the ramp than to lift it up.

A ramp is a kind of simple machine called an inclined plane.

5

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Inclined planes make it easier to move things up or down.

The road in this picture is an inclined plane. The slide on your playground is also an inclined plane.





## I())

A wedge is another kind of simple machine.

An ax is a kind of wedge. It goes into the wood and splits it apart.



())

A screw is also a simple machine. The lid of a jar and the bottom of a light bulb are both kinds of screws. Screws make it easier to put

Screws make it easier to put things together. Think about the lid on a jar. As you turn the lid, it screws down onto the jar, closing it tightly.





I())

In the pictures above, you see levers. A lever is a simple machine for pushing things up. When you push down on one end of the lever, the other end goes up.

Did you know that a seesaw is also a lever?



#### ())

The last simple machine is a wheel and axle. The axle is a kind of rod, or bar, that goes through the wheel. Together, they turn and help things move. Cars, bikes, and wagons all use wheels and axles.



## I())

10

A pulley is a simple machine used for lifting things.

When you pull on one end of a pulley's rope or chain, whatever is on the other end goes up.

The child in the picture above is using a pulley to hoist the flag. I())

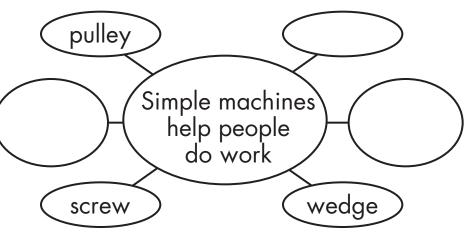
Simple machines make it easier to do work. They let you move an object with less force.

People have used simple machines since long ago. We still use them today. All kinds of workers are glad to have simple machines.



## Think and Share Read Together

- **1.** What is the main idea of this book?
- 2. Copy and complete the web. Use the web to write two or three sentences that tell what the book is about.



- **3.** Draw a picture of a simple machine. Label your picture. Write a sentence to go with it that describes how it works. If possible, use some of these words: *against, goes, heavy.*
- **4.** Look at pages 5–6. If this were a chapter in the book, what would be a good title for the chapter?

Name

## Main Idea

A main idea is the most important idea about a passage or group of sentences.

Read the sentences from the book and then write a title for this passage on the blank line.

A ramp is a type of simple machine called an inclined plane. Inclined planes make it easier to move things up or down. The road in this picture is an inclined plane. The slide on your playground is also an inclined plane.

Read the sentences below and then write a title for this passage on the blank line.

Simple machines make work easier. A wedge is a kind of simple machine. It uses force to go between two things. A screw is also a simple machine. The lid of a jar and the bottom of a light bulb are both kinds of screws. Screws make it easier to put things together. A lever is a simple machine for pushing things up. When you push down on one end of the lever, the other end goes up.




## How can you lift something heavy? Use a lever!

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,	
	You will need:
	a few heavy books
	a thick ruler
•	I. Tape the marker to the table.
	2. Place the ruler on top of the marker to make a lever.
	The marker is now the fulcrum.
	4. Add more books and try again. What happens?

Name

Read the selection. Then answer the questions that follow.

#### **Keep Your Hands Clean!**

It is not fun to get a cold. It is hard to feel good when you get one. Your nose gets all stuffed up, and your head hurts. You may sneeze a lot.

Everyone gets a cold sooner or later. Many colds happen in winter, and this is bad enough. But when you get a cold in summer, it is very bad! The sun is shining brightly, and you are stuck sick in bed. It is not fair! Drink lots of water, and get plenty of rest. You will feel better soon.

The best thing is to not get a cold in the first place. The best way to keep from getting a cold is to keep your hands very clean with lots of soap and water.

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#### Answer the questions below.

#### **1** This selection is *mostly* about how to handle

- ) winter.
- $\bigcirc$  colds.
- 🔿 soap.

#### **2** What is this selection all about?

- $\bigcirc$  dealing with getting a cold
- $\bigcirc$  being inside in the summer
- $\bigcirc$  playing outside in the sun

## **3** What do you need to do if you have a cold?

- $\bigcirc$  Drink lots of water.
- $\bigcirc$  Play in the sun.
- $\bigcirc$  Go to school.

### **4** What is the *best* way to keep from getting a cold?

- $\bigcirc$  Stay in your home.
- $\bigcirc$  Blow your nose.
- $\bigcirc$  Wash your hands.

### **5** Why is it harder to have a cold in the summer than in the winter?

Common Core State Standards Questions 1–5: Informational Text 1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. Informational Text 2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.