Brandon Valley School District District Learning Plan April 6-10, 2020

Grade 5 ELA



Brandon Valley School District Distance Learning Plan

LESSON/UNIT: Novel Project SUBJECT/GRADE: 5th Grade ELA DATES: April 6 - 10

What do students need	• Monday (4/6)
to do?	o Complete Skill Assessment: quizizz.com/join?gc=606360 or on paper copy
	below. Please write your first and last name and team color on your quiz or
Link to BV instructional	paper.
video for week of April	Make Novel Reading Schedule
<u>6-10, 2020</u>	o Begin Novels!
	• Tuesday (4/7)
	Read Scheduled Novel Chapters
	O Complete 3 Reading Puzzle Pieces
	Wednesday (4/8)
	Read Scheduled Novel Chapters
	O Complete 3 Reading Puzzle Pieces
	• Thursday (4/9)
	Read Scheduled Novel Chapters
	o Completed 3 Reading Puzzle Pieces
	• Friday (4/10) No School
	, ,
What do students need	Return or send pictures of completed Reading Puzzle Piece activities (a minimum of 9
to bring back to school?	pieces)
	 Return any library books, textbooks, or magazines you are finished with to the school
What standards do the	5.RL.1: Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly
lessons cover?	and when drawing inferences from the text.
	• 5.RL.2: Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem and explain how it is
	supported by details in the text, including how characters in the story or drama
	respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic;
	summarize the text.
	• 5.RL.5 : Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
	• 5.RL.10: By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories,
	dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band
	independently and proficiently.
What materials do	Resources You Need:
students need? What	Novel of your choice. Please contact your teacher if you do not have a new novel to
extra resources can	read!
students use?	Novel Reading Schedule Novel Buzzla
	 Novel Puzzle Puzzle Piece Tracking Sheets (OptionalYou can use the organizers to write your
	work, or you can complete each task on a blank sheet of paper!)
	work, or you can complete each task on a blank sheet or paper;

What can students do if	State Testing Practice: https://sd.portal.airast.org/training-tests.stml			
they finish early?	2. Storyline Online: https://www.storylineonline.net/			
	3. Open Library: https://openlibrary.org/			
Who can we contact if	Brandon Valley Intermediate School			
we have questions?	Principal- Mr. Skibsted- Nick.Skibsted@k12.sd.us			
	Assistant Principal- Mr. Pearson- Rick.Pearson@k12.sd.us			
	ELA Teachers:			
	Ms. Relf- Baylee.Relf@k12.sd.us (white team)			
	Mr. Carroll- <u>Aaron.Carroll@k12.sd.us</u> (red team)			
	Mrs. Klumper- Abby.Klumper@k12.sd.us (silver team)			
	Mrs. Block- <u>Lindsey.Block@k12.sd.us</u> (blue team			

Notes:

This week, you will be reading a novel of your choice and completing puzzle pieces to help you reflect on your book. Each day, read the number of chapters you have scheduled on your **Novel Reading Schedule.** Then, complete **THREE** puzzle piece activities **PER DAY**. After you complete each activity, have your guardian initial each piece of the puzzle. Below, you will find organizers you may use to complete these activities; however, all the activities can be done with a pencil and blank piece of paper as well. Please reach out to your ELA teacher if you have any questions; we'd love to help!

Instructional materials are posted below (if applicable)

Brandon Valley School District



ELA Assessment 4/6

40 Questions

40	Questions	
1.	the author wants you to do, buy, or believe so	mething
	a) persuade	☐ b) inform
	c) entertain	
2.	the author wants to give you information	
	a) Entertain	☐ b) Persuade
	c) Inform	
3.	the author wants to amuse you or for you to e	njoy the writing
	a) Entertain	☐ b) Inform
	c) Persuade	
4. ex	textbooks, non-fiction books, expository essay amples of:	s, biographies, newspaper articles, and directions are
	a) Persuade	☐ b) Inform
	c) Entertain	
5.	advertisements, persuasive letters, opinions, o	campaign speeches are all examples of:
	a) Persuade	☐ b) Inform
	c) Entertain	
6.	fictions stories, poems, songs, plays, jokes, ar	nd narratives are examples of:
	a) Persuade	☐ b) Inform
	c) Entertain	

-	7.	In a novel, the author's purpose is to:				
No.		a) Persuade		t	b) Inform	्राच्या है। असेन्स्य क्षे
		c) Entertain			·	with the second
	8.	In directions, the author's purpose is to:				
		a) Persuade		l k	b) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	9.	A child's letter to Santa asking for a bicycle be	cau	ISE	e the child	has been good all year is meant to:
		a) Persuade		t	b) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	10.	A recipe explaining how to make chicken salad	d sa	ano	dwiches is	meant to:
		a) Persuade		b	o) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	11.	A Garfield comic from the newspaper in which	Ga	rfi	ield hates N	Mondays and likes lasagna
		a) Persuade		b	o) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	12.	A five paragraph essay where a student argue	s th	nat	t people sh	ould recycle and not litter
		a) Persuade		b	o) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	13.	an instructional booklet describing how to oper	ate	а	smart pho	ene
		a) Persuade		b	o) Inform	
		c) Entertain				
	14.	a section in a history book describing the cond	itior	ns	and cause	es of the Great Depression
		a) Persuade		b	o) Inform	
		c) Entertain				

15.	a story about a family trying to stick together a	and .	sur	vive through the Great Depression
□ a	a) Persuade		b)	Inform
	c) Entertain			ville .
16.	What is the definition of Author's Purpose?			
□ a	a) Why a reading passage was written		b)	Descriptive details about a person, place, or thing.
□ c	that is not directly stated in a reading passage		d)	figuring out the meaning of unknown words from other words
17.	What are the three reasons for writing?			
□ a) Persuade, Inform, Entertain		b)	Personal, Interview, Entertain
□ c) Persuade, Irony, Entertain		d)	Personal, Inform, Evolve
18.	What would be a possible EFFECT of a stude	nt n	ot s	tudying for a test?
□ a) The student doing very well on the test		b)	The student doing very badly on the test
□ c) The student doesn't have to take the test		d)	The teacher smiles
19.	At a basketball game the crowd cheers after the of the team scoring.	he h	om	e team scores a basket. The cheering is the
a) CAUSE		b)	EFFECT
20.	If you spill your milk, what is a possible EFFE0	CT o	f th	at action?
a	You have to clean it up		b)	You leave school early
c)) You tripped		d)	The milk is in the cooler

□ а) Your old ones had holes in them		ဲb)	You outgrew your old ones
☐ c	Your mom said you needed to		d)	All of the above
22.	Cause: Effect: I got in trouble.			
□ a	I gave my mom a rose I picked.		b)	I did my homework after school.
c)	I cleaned my room.		d)	I lied to my mom.
23.	Cause: My brother added lots of sugar to his d	lrink	.Eff	ect:
□ a)	It was too sour to drink.		b)	It was too sweet to drink.
□ c)	He broke the cup.		d)	He had to clean the dishes.
24.	Cause: Effect: The plant died.			
□ a)	The plant did not get enough water.		b)	The girl took care of the plant.
□ c)	The plant got plenty of sun.		d)	The plant was pretty.
25.	Cause: Jill left a glass of water outside when it	wa	s ve	ery cold.Effect:
□ a)	The glass turned blue.		-	It turned into orange juice.
□ c)	The water was poured out.		d)	The water froze.
26.	How many paragraphs are in the body of a 5-p	ara	gra	oh essay?
□ a)	Three		b)	Two
[] c)	Four	г	٩)	Five

21. What could be a possible CAUSE of buying new clothes?

27. Sequence of events that happen in a sto	ory is:
a) theme	b) tone
☐ c) index	d) plot
28. conclusion reached from prior knowledge	e and evidence from text
☐ a) sequence	☐ b) compare/contrast
☐ c) inference	☐ d) main idea
29. order of events in chronological order	
☐ a) sequence	☐ b) glossary
□ c) theme	d) tone
30. reason why something happens	
☐ a) cause	☐ b) effect
31. what happens as a result	
□ a) cause	☐ b) effect
32. Every paragraph needs a strong	to begin
☐ a) concluding sentence	☐ b) topic sentence
□ c) dialogue	☐ d) run-on
33. Main purpose of a concluding sentence is	s to
☐ a) give you the 5th sentence in a paragraph	☐ b) wrap up your paragraph
c) make the reader	☐ d) add more information

34	What is a person, place, or thing	? - ¹³			
	a) verb	+ 34 8 \$ (4)		b)	adjective
	c) noun	s ile		d)	imagery
35,	. What means the problem of a sto	огу?			
	a) climax			b)	conflict
	c) exposition			d)	resolution
36.	. What part of the story does the m	nain characte	er fac	ce tl	he problem? Reader's Highest Interest
	a) conflict			b)	climax
	c) resolution			d)	exposition
37.	What part of a story does the plot	build?			
	a) exposition			b)	conflict
	c) rising action			d)	climax
38.	What type of story is written abou	it a person b	ut by	/ so	meone else
	a) autobiography			b)	biography
	c) fantasy			d)	poetry
39.	unhappyun is the what?				
	a) prefix			b)	base word
	c) suffix				
40.	disappearwhat is appear?				
	a) prefix			b)	root or base word
_	c) suffix				

Novel Reading Schedule

Title of the novel you ch	ose to read: (Write it o	on the line below.)
Your name:		
MONDAY, APRIL 6TH:	Chapters	to
Tuesday, April 7th:	Chapters	to
Wednesday, April 8th:	Chapters	to
THURSDAY, APRIL 97H:	Chapters	to
Friday, April 10th:	Chapters	to
Sat/Sun, April 11-12th:	Chapters	to
Monday, April 13th:	Chapters	to

^{***}Be sure to fill this out before you begin reading so that you have a set plan for how many chapters to read each day. You can take the number of chapters and divide them by **7** because that is how many days you have to read. If you have any questions, please reach out via email to your ELA teacher.***

NS 354 traits of a character Traits: NS 354 traits of a character On Use the organizer Conclusions. They Traits of a character.	Pead aloud One onapter Someone: Later + Detais.	Charles of Taentiff Charles of one Taentiff Charles of one Taentiff Charles of one of one of the order of one o
Write a short Compton one character in Wis 35 your novel to another. Be sure to or a sold conduction of a sold setter!	FOR FIENN: Tentify the Of Verify the Porganizer Porganizer The Preparation of the pr	3 3 5
Woodb Labiners A Sick Labiners	THE SECTION OF THE SE	The Solve of the S

Name

Draw Conclusions

- Active readers draw conclusions, or make decisions, based on information in the text and their own knowledge.
- Examine your own conclusions as you read. Ask yourself, "Can I support them with information from the text or with facts I already know?"

Directions Read the following story. Then complete the diagram by writing a conclusion and listing details from the story that support your conclusion.

On most summer weekends, Tina went to the beach with her aunt and younger cousins. She built sand castles with her cousins and watched the kids carefully as they toddled near the shore. If they waded into the water, Tina held their hands. She taught them to watch out for big waves, and she showed the older

cousins how to swim. She also brought snacks for all the children to share. When it was time to go home, Tina carried the youngest cousins to keep their feet from burning on the sand. On the way home, she was already looking forward to the next day at the beach.

What Can I Conclude?

What Does the Text Say?

What Do I Already Know?

Mat Do I Already Know?



Home Activity Your child drew a conclusion based on the details of a passage. Together, read a story about children. Work with your child to draw one or more conclusions about a character or event, using the text and prior knowledge.

NAME: Character Traits. Illustrate Your character! Use color: Reason you Reason you Chose this trait? chose this trait? Reason you chose this trait? 3. Reason you chose this trait?

JHQT's "THEMES 6 lember... A theme is the lesson you learned from the story.

Main Idea and Details

- The main idea of a text is what it is mostly about.
- Details support and expand on the main idea.

Practice Read the passage and answer the questions below.

Despite the cold of the tundra, it is home to a variety of wildlife. Large herbivores, or plant-eaters, such as caribou and musk-ox, live in herds. Smaller plant-eaters, such as mice, shrews, and hares, live here too. The predators of the

tundra include wolves, bears, foxes, and wolverines. No matter whether predator or prey, nearly all these animals suffer from the biting insects, such as mosquitoes, black flies, and deer flies.

- 1. What is the main idea of the passage?
- 2. What details support the main idea?

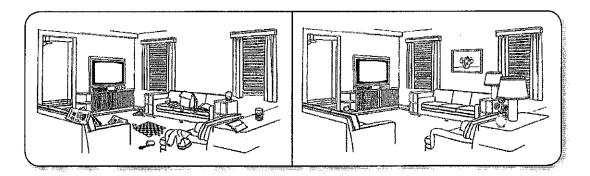
- 3. Which of the following sentences would also support the main idea?
 - a. Birds such as snowy owls, ducks, and geese also find a home in the tundra.
 - b. The tundra becomes very cold during the winter.

On Your Own Use what you know about main idea as you read "Dirty Snowballs." List details in the passage that support the main idea.

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Compare and Contrast

- When you compare two things, you tell how they are alike.
- When you contrast them, you tell how they are different.



Practice Look at the pictures above. Then answer the questions.

- 1. Describe the room in the first picture. What do you see?
- 2. Describe the room in the second picture. What do you see?
- 3. How is the room the same in the both pictures?
- 4. How is the room different?

On Your Own Use what you know about compare and contrast as you read "The Comet Racer." Write one thing that compares and one that contrasts in the passage.



Home Activity Your child reviewed comparing and contrasting. Together, compare and contrast two of your family's favorite places.

Writing a Chapter Summary

Directions: Use the organizer below to help you write a summary of ONE chapter from your novel. Write your summary in **complete sentences**. Be sure to answer each question: **WHO? WHAT? WHERE? WHEN? WHY?**

WHO?	
WHAT?	
WHERE?	
WHEN?	
WHY?	

Cause and Effect

Directions: Use the organizer below to identify **FOUR** cause and effect relationships in your novel. Remember, an **EFFECT** is an event that takes place. The **CAUSE** is the reason for that event. What happened? Why did it happen?

	·
Cause:	Effect:
Cause:	Effect: