# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2006

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2006

#### School Board

Patricia Simmons

Bonnie Duffy

Kevin Thelen

Todd Neuberger

Mike Klumpp

#### **Business Manager**

Paul J. Lundberg

#### Superintendent

George A. Gulson

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#### **OUAM & BERGLIN**

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

School Board Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 Minnehaha County, South Dakota

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2, Minnehaha County, South Dakota, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. Brandon Valley School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Brandon Valley School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Brandon Valley School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profits Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Brandon Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Brandon Valley School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Brandon Valley School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that

could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Brandon Valley School District's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of current audit findings and questioned costs as item 2006-01.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above as item 2006-01 to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, the South Dakota Legislature, state granting agencies, the governing board and management of the Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, as required by OMB Circular A-133 and South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Quam and Berglin

Certified Public Accountants

Quam + Berglin

September 14, 2006

#### **OUAM & BERGLIN**

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## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 Minnehaha County, South Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2, Minnehaha County, South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise Brandon Valley School District's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Brandon Valley School District 's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design and operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Brandon Valley School District's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item No. 2006-1.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over

financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider item No. 2006-1 to be a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Brandon Valley School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which would have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, the South Dakota Legislature, state granting agencies, the governing board and management of the Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the intended parties. However, as required by OMB Circular A-133 and South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter or public record and its distribution is not limited.

Quam and Berglin

Certified Public Accountants

September 14, 2006

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### PRIOR FEDERAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT FINDINGS:

#### **Prior Finding Number 2005-01:**

A reportable condition and material weakness was reported for a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues.

#### Corrective Action Plan:

This prior audit comment is restated as finding number 2006-01.

#### **PRIOR OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS:**

#### Prior Finding Number 2005-01:

A reportable condition and material weakness was reported for a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues.

#### **Corrective Action Plan:**

This prior audit comment is restated as finding number 2006-01.

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS:**

- a. An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- b. A reportable condition and material weakness was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements and for internal control over major federal programs for a lack of segregation of duties for revenues as discussed in finding number 2006-01.
- c. Our audit did not disclose any noncompliance which was material to the financial statements.
- d. An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- e. Our audit did not disclose any audit findings that need to be disclosed in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a) except for the reportable condition and material weakness resulting from the lack of segregation of duties as discussed in finding number 2006-01.
- f. The federal awards tested as major programs included:

Child Nutrition Cluster:

Olima i tatilitio.	- Ciacion
10.555	Breakfast Program
10.553	National School Lunch Program
10.556	Special Milk Program for Children
Special Educa	ation Cluster:
84.027	Special Education – Grants to States
84.173	Special Education – Preschool Grants

- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$300,000,00.
- h. Brandon Valley School District did not qualify as a low-risk entity.

#### **CURRENT FEDERAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT FINDINGS:**

#### Finding Number 2006-01:

A reportable condition and material weakness in internal controls was reported due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues, resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This applies to the major programs noted above.

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

#### Analysis:

In order to achieve proper internal control, it is necessary to have segregation of duties provided between performance, review and record keeping of the tasks related to non-governmental revenues. Lack of this segregation of duties could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with management assertions.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend that Brandon Valley School District officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for non-governmental revenues and attempt to provide compensating controls whenever, and wherever possible and practical.

#### Corrective Action Plan:

Paul Lundberg, Business Manager for Brandon Valley School District is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is a result of the size of the entity, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. Brandon Valley School District is aware of this problem and is attempting to provide compensating controls.

#### **CURRENT OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS:**

#### Finding Number 2006-01:

The lack of segregation of duties discussed in finding number 2006-01 applies to all revenues of the school district.

#### OUAM & BERGLIN

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 Minnehaha County, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2, Minnehaha County, South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise Brandon Valley School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Brandon Valley School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2 as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2006 on our consideration of Brandon Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and, should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules listed in the Table of Contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Brandon Valley School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Quam and Berglin, CPA's Certified Public Accountants

Quam & Berglin

September 14, 2006

### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT 49-2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

As management of Brandon Valley School District 49-2 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements immediately following this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's net assets from Governmental activities increased by \$1,617,922 primarily due to an increase in capital assets (\$882,642) and a decrease of long-term liabilities (421,656).
- The District continues to maintain an adequate financial position in all major operating funds. The ending fund balance in the General Fund remains near the 20% cap placed on school districts in prior years by the State's Legislature. The beginning fund balance of the General Fund was 18.7% and the ending fund balance is at 18.8%. The fund balance percentage is based on the most current year's total expenditures in the fund being analyzed. The ending cash position of the General Fund on June 30, 2006 was \$3,630,138, which reflects an 8.2% (\$276,194) increase.
- The Capital Outlay Fund saw its expenditures exceed revenues by \$501,696. This reduction was the start of a planned/budgeted deficit to pay for the construction of a \$2.5 million addition to the Middle School. The District had been accumulating cash to pay for the project eliminating the need to incur debt and interest expenses. This major project will be completed in December 2006. The ending cash position of the capital outlay fund on June 30, 2006 was \$53,333, which reflects a decrease of \$566,264.
- The Special Education Fund is another fund in which the State regulates the amount of allowable fund balance at year-end. The state imposed fund balance cap is also 20% with the district being allowed some adjustments related to the amount of Federal revenue included in the ending fund balance. The ending fund balance of \$620,940 when adjusted by Federal revenue is over the mandated 20%. Therefore, the District will forego approximately \$60,000 of its full state aid allocation in 2006-07. The continued increases in Federal revenues and proper management of expenditures will off set this loss.
- The Pension Fund is used for two purposes: early retirement payments and 1% of the General Fund South Dakota Retirement costs. The fund's revenue exceeded expenditures by \$95,269 leaving the fund balance on 6/30/06 at \$260,665. The fund balance has been accumulated in recent years in order to properly fund an increasing number of early retirees. Based on early retirement projections, current revenues plus existing fund balance will be adequate to account for all future expenditures.
- Business-type activities had an increase in net assets of \$16,566 during the 2005-06 school year primarily due to revenues exceeding expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three sections – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services, e.g., regular and special education, were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the
  activities that the school, operates like a business and the activities that provide services
  for its other programs and activities, i.e., internal service activities. The District has one
  business-type activity, i.e., Food Service.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent of resources that belong to others, e.g., student clubs (agency funds) and scholarships (trust funds).

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

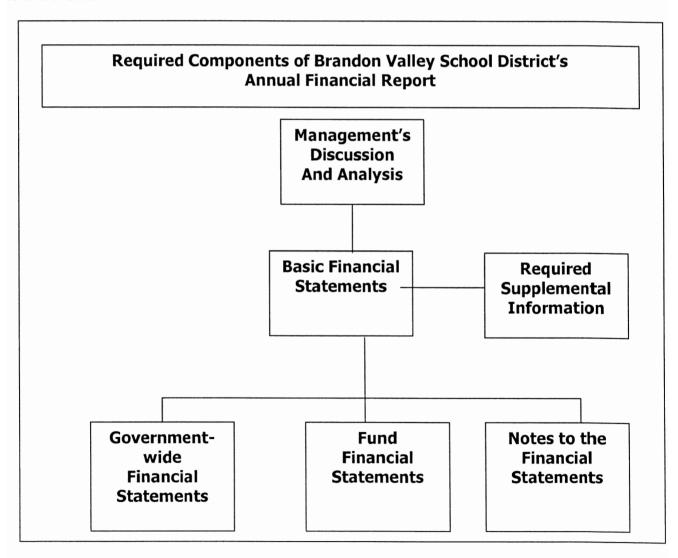


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Fund Financial Statements								
	Government- Wide	Fund Fina	ncial Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and secondary education programs.	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, e.g., food services.	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, e.g., scholarship programs and student activities monies.					
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of net assets *Statement of activities	*Balance sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	*Balance Sheet, *Statement of Revenues, and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, *Statement of Cash Flows	*Statement of fiduciary net assets *Statement of changes in Fiduciary Net Assets					
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of Asset/Liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	All assets and liabilities, short term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.					
Type of Inflow/ Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless when cash is received or paid.					

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, i.e., the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall financial health of the District, additional factors, e.g., changes in the District's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula, also need to be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such as elementary, middle and high school educational programs, support services (guidance, executive administration, school board, fiscal services, etc.), debt service payments, extracurricular activities (sports, music, etc.) and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state grants and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District charges a fee to students to help cover the costs of providing food services to all students. The Food Service Fund is the only business-type activity of the District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant or "major" funds rather than the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State law requires some funds.
- The District's School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, e.g., various scholarship trust funds.

The District has three generic fund types:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine if there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on a subsequent page that explains the relationship and reconciles the differences between the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary fund statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both short and long-term financial information. The District uses an enterprise fund (one type of proprietary fund) to report the activities of its Food Service Program, a business-type activity.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance it operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT 49-2 AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Assets**

The District's combined net assets changed as follows:

Table A-1
Brandon Valley School District 49-2
Statement of Net Assets

	C	Governmen	tal A	Activities	ctivities Business-Type To Activities			Total			% Change		
		FY2005		FY2006	F	Y2005	F	Y2006		FY2005		FY2006	2005- 2006
Current and Other Assets	\$	9,890,705	\$	10,299,308	\$	108,717	\$	108,078	\$	9,999,422	\$	10,407,386	4.10%
Capital Assets		23,552,136		24,417,670		148,144		165,252		23,700,280		24,582,922	3.70%
Total Assets		33,442,841	_	34,716,978		256,861	_	273,330	_	33,699,702		34,990,308	3.80%
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		12,817,720		12,396,065						12,817,720		12,396,065	-3.30%
Other Liabilities		1,509,459		1,587,330		15,156		15,058		1,524,615		1,602,388	5.10%
Total Liabilities		14,327,179		13,983,395	_	15,156	_	15,058		14,342,335	_	13,998,453	-2.40%
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets													
Net of Related Debt		11,002,136		12,597,670		148,144		165,252		11,150,280		12,762,922	14.50%
Restricted		3,473,394		3,370,689		93,561		93,020		3,566,955		3,463,709	-2.90%
Unrestricted		4,640,131		4,765,255						4,640,131		4,765,255	2.60%
Total Net Assets		19,115,661		20,733,583		241,705		258,272		19,357,366		20,991,855	8.40%
Beginning Net Assets		17,656,464		19,115,661		261,814		241,706		17,918,278		19,357,366	
Increase(Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	1,459,197	\$	1,617,922	\$	(20,109)	\$	16,566	\$	1,439,088	\$	1,634,489	
Percentage of Increase													
(Decrease) in Net Assets	_	8.30%	_	8.50%	_	-7.70%	_	6.90%	_	8.00%		8.40%	

The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of construction bonds, capital outlay certificate, early retirement payable, and compensated absences, have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Assets. The difference between the District's assets and liabilities is its net assets.

The total assets of the School District increased \$1,290,606. Equity in the School District's pooled cash and cash and cash equivalents decreased \$136,946. Property tax receivables increased \$466,382 and other assets increased \$74,112. Capital assets increased \$882,642 and are discussed in detail later in this report.

Total Liabilities of the School District decreased \$343,883, which is primarily the result of long-term debt decreasing \$421,656.

The total net assets of the School District increased \$1,634,489, which is primarily reflected in the increase of \$1,612,642 in investment in capital assets. Restricted net assets decreased \$103,277 and unrestricted net assets increased \$125,124. Unrestricted net assets involve the general operations of the School District.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

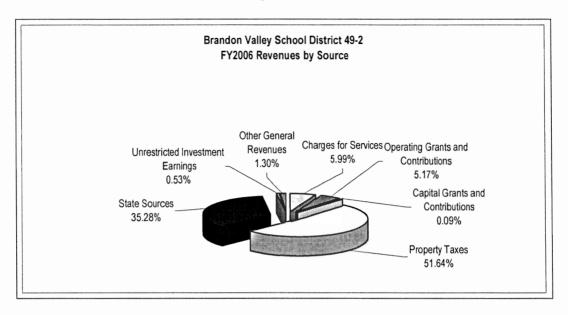
Table A-2 and the narrative that follow consider the operations of the government-wide activities.

Table A-2
Brandon Valley School District 49-2
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities		Business-Ty	'nΔ	Activities	Tot	le:		Total Percentage
	2005	2006	٠	2005	þe	2006	2005	aı	2006	Change 2005-2006
Revenues							 			
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$ 214,863	\$ 221,179	\$	946,674	\$	1,025,007	\$ 1,161,537	\$	1,246,186	7.30%
Operating Grants and Contributions	675,610	822,881		212,439		253,671	888,049		1,076,552	21.20%
Capital Grants and Contributions	24,622	19,295					24,622		19,295	-21.60%
General Revenues										
Property Taxes	9,888,029	10,748,332					9,888,029		10,748,332	8.70%
State Sources	6,993,549	7,343,635					6,993,549		7,343,635	5.00%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	65,517	106,097		1,212		2,877	66,729		108,974	63.30%
Other General Revenues	270,230	271,217					270,230		271,217	0.40%
Total Revenues	18,132,420	19,532,636		1,160,325		1,281,555	 19,292,745		20,814,191	7.90%
Expenses										
Instruction	8,901,771	9,550,930					8,901,771		9,550,930	7.30%
Support Services	6,452,212	6,882,729					6,452,212		6,882,729	6.70%
Community Service	54,043	58,911					54,043		58,911	9.00%
Non-programmed Charges	130,267	378,914					130,267		378,914	190.90%
Debt Service	661,055	533,709					661,055		533,709	-19.30%
Co-Curricular Activities	473,875	511,021					473,875		511,021	7.80%
Food Service				1,180,434		1,264,989	1,180,434		1,264,989	7.20%
Total Expenses	16,673,223	17,916,214		1,180,434		1,264,989	 17,853,657		19,181,203	7.40%
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)										
Expenses	1,459,197	1,616,422		-20,109		16,566	1,439,088		1,632,988	13.50%
Sale of General Fixed Assets	0	1,500		0		0	 0		1,500	
Total Special Items	0	1,500		0		0	 0		1,500	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 1,459,197	\$ 1,617,922	\$	(20,109)	\$	16,566	\$ 1,439,088	\$	1,634,488	13.60%

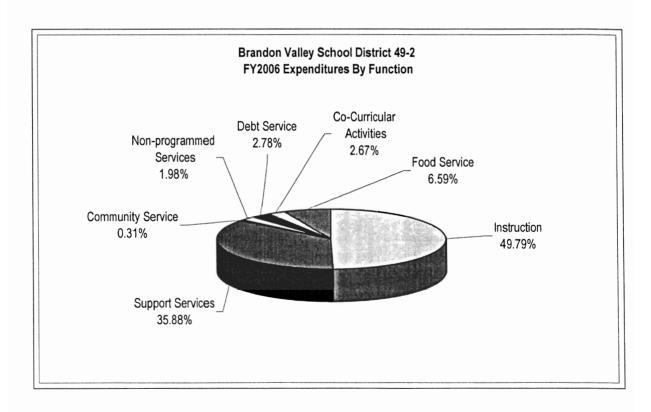
The District's revenues totaled \$20,814,191 (See Table A-2). Over half of the District's revenue came from property taxes, with a third coming from state aid (See Figure A-3).

Figure A-3



The District's expenditures totaled \$19,181,203 (See Table A-2) and covered a range of services, including instruction, support services, community services, debt service, co-curricular activities and food services (See Figure A-4).

Figure A-4



#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Revenues of the District's business-type activities, i.e., food services, increased by 10.4% from \$1,160,325 in FY2005 to \$1,281,555 in FY2006 and expenses increased by 7.2% from \$1,180,434 in FY2005 to \$1,264,989 in FY2006. Factors contributing to these results include the following:

- The increase in revenue was due primarily to 0.10 increase in the type A lunch prices for 2005-06 (\$50,935). There was also an increase in the federal reimbursement revenue (\$32,657) due to the number of meals served increasing.
- Expenses increased due to a 4.7% increased salary and benefit costs (\$22,466). Cost of sales also increased 8.9% (\$53,796).

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Fund balances changed as follows: General Fund increased \$182,925 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures. Capital Outlay Fund decreased \$501,696 due to expenditures exceeding revenues which is due to the start of the construction of a \$2,500,000 Middle School addition project which is being funded through cash reserves. Special Education Fund increased \$858 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures. Pension Fund increased \$95,269 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures. Bond Redemption Fund increased \$89,182 as the result of revenues exceeding expenditures

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Board of Education was presented with a preliminary budget for their review and consideration on May 9, 2005 as prescribed by state statute. Following their review, the 2005-06 budget was adopted by the Board of Education on July 11, 2005 with a few minor modifications. On September 26, 2005, an amended budget was approved with only minor changes.



#### CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

At the end of FY2006, the District had invested \$37,035,540 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and equipment for governmental activities (see Table A-3). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$2,027,176 or 5.8%, over the previous year. The increase is due primarily to the start of construction of an addition to the Middle School.

Table A-3
Brandon Valley School District 49-2
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Government	al Activities FY2006	Business A	ctivities FY2006
Land	\$ 898,583	\$ 898,583	112003	112000
Buildings	27,009,463	27,374,703		
Improvements other than	,,			
Buildings	1,048,385	1,217,570		
Equipment	5,373,803	5,821,813	\$580,287	\$634,645
Construction Work in Progress	97,843	1,088,226_		
Total Capital Assets	34,428,077_	36,400,895_	580,287_	634,645
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,875,941)	(11,983,226)	(432,143)_	(469,393)
Total All Capital Assets	\$23,552,136	\$24,417,669	\$ 148,144	\$ 165,252
Total All Capital Assets	ΨZ3,00Z,130	Ψ24,417,009	φ 140,144	φ 105,252

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

At year-end, the District had \$12,396,065 in general obligation bonds, capital outlay certificates, and other long-term obligations. This is a decrease of 3.3% as shown on Table A-4.

Table A-4
Brandon Valley School District 49-2
Outstanding Debt and Obligations

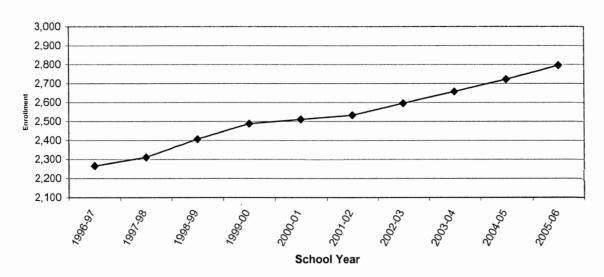
		Government	tal A	ctivities	ss Type vities FY2006	Total Dollar Change FY2005-06	Percentage Change FY2005-06
Capital Outlay Certificates	\$	3,650,000	\$	3,155,000	 	\$ (495,000)	-13.60%
General Obligation Bonds	Ψ	8,900,000	۳	8,665,000	 	(235,000)	-2.60%
Early Retirement & Accrued Leave Payable		267,720		576,065	 	308,345	115.20%
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$	12,817,720	\$	12,396,065	 	\$ (421,655)	-3.30%

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

At the time these financial statements were prepared, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could significantly affect its financial condition in the future:

- The District experienced an increase in the 2007 assessed value of the District in the amount of \$96,997,265 or 11.0%. The Funds that receive financial support from property taxes except for the General Fund and the Special Education Fund will benefit from this increase in value. The manner in which the state aid formulas for the General Fund and the Special Education Fund eliminate the benefit of increased value for these funds. The state legislature annually sets the maximum dollars per 1,000 of assessed value a district can request in all taxing funds except the Debt Service fund which is establish by an approved resolution voted upon by district patrons.
- The State Aid formula for the General and Special Education funds are based on the District's average daily membership (ADM) and the number of special needs students being served in various need categories respectively. The 2005-06 general state aid is calculated on \$4,238 per average daily membership and increases annually by the lesser of the rate of inflation or three percent (3%). The state aid formula insures that the state aid and the amount the district can generate through property taxes will equal the per ADM Amount. The special education aid is calculated very similar with the use of six (6) different student categories, each having a varying value assigned to the category. Once again, the calculated student need of the Special Education fund is accommodated by the amount that can be generated locally through property taxes and state support. With the basic formula being: calculated student need amount less the amount raised locally through property taxes equaling the amount of state support, you can see that the District does not receive the financial advantage of increased assessed value in the General Fund or Special Education Fund.
- The enrollment of the District has increased over the past ten years. This has allowed the District financial successes that have not been experienced by other school districts in the State of South Dakota. With a major portion of the District's state funding based on enrollment numbers, the financial impact of enrollment fluctuations is an important factor in the financial stability of the District. As long as enrollment continues this trend and proper management decisions over expenditures, the District should continue to experience good financial conditions. The following graph illustrates prior enrollment and potential trends.

Figure A-5
Enrollment ADM Last Ten Years



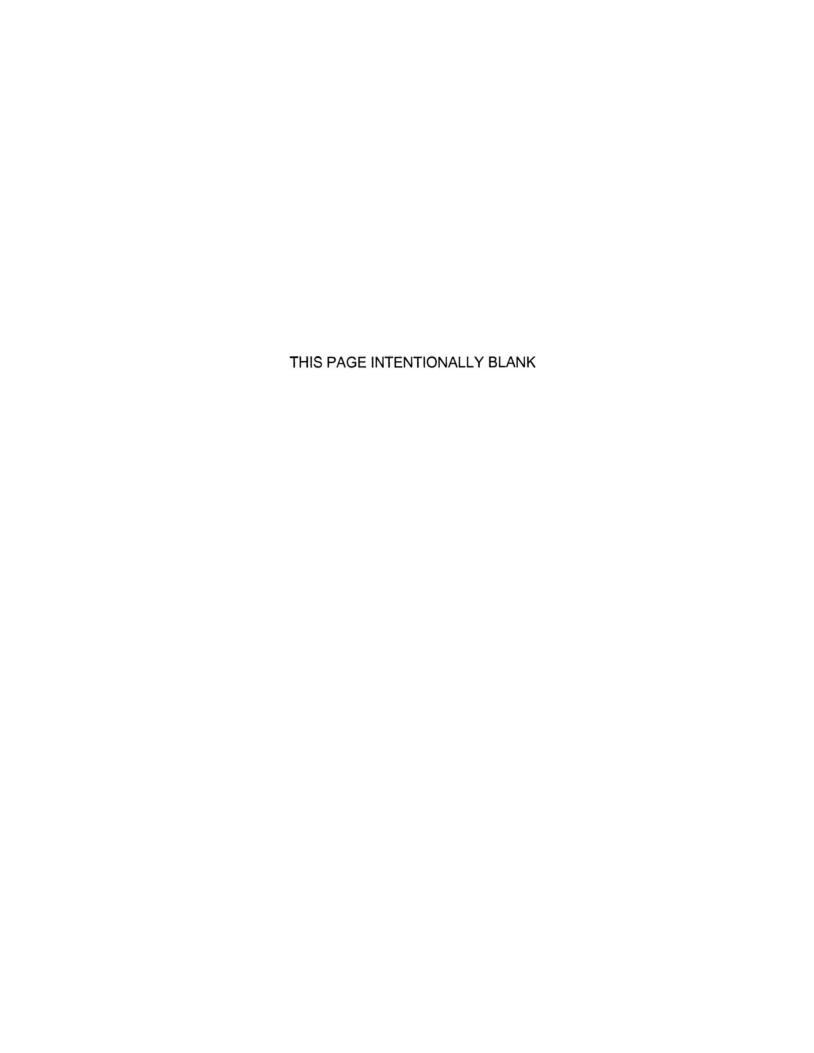
- The Federal mandate known as No Child Left Behind remains a monetary concern to the District. The Federal mandate comes to the State of South Dakota and District with limited/unknown financial support.
- Annually the District negotiates the salary and benefits package of District employees. With approximately 83% of the General fund expenditures being salary and benefit costs, the outcome of negotiations has a major impact on the future financial status of the District.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, patrons, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional information, contact the Brandon Valley School District 49-2 Business Office, 301 S. Splitrock Boulevard, Brandon, SD 57005.

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

		Primary Go	ver	nment		
•	G	overnmental	Вι	siness-Type		
		Activities	_	Activities		Total
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,017,908.17	\$	93,568.64	\$	2,111,476.81
Investments		3,000,000.00				3,000,000.00
Taxes Receivable		5,189,711.63				5,189,711.63
Inventories				14,508.91		14,508.91
Due from Other Governments		91,688.49				91,688.49
Capital Assets:						
Land, Improvements and Construction in		4 000 000 00				1 000 000 00
Progress		1,986,809.00		165 050 10		1,986,809.00
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		22,430,860.69		165,252.13	_	22,596,112.82
TOTAL ASSETS		34,716,977.98		273,329.68		34,990,307.66
LIABILITIES :						
Accounts Payable		99,100.88				99,100.88
Other Current Liabilities		1,488,229.11		15,057.69		1,503,286.80
Noncurrent Liabilities:		, ,		,		, , ,
Due Within One Year		1,061,690.75				1,061,690.75
Due in More than One Year	_	11,334,374.00			_	11,334,374.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,983,394.74		15,057.69		13,998,452.43
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of		10 507 000 00		405 050 40		40.700.004.00
Related Debt		12,597,669.69		165,252.13		12,762,921.82
Restricted for:		1,314,754.87				1,314,754.87
Capital Outlay Special Education		1,157,582.25				1,157,582.25
Pension		409,918.36				409,918.36
Debt Service		488,403.42				488,403.42
Food Service		700,700.72		93,019.86		93,019.86
Unrestricted		4,765,254.65		33,310.00		4,765,254.65
	_				_	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	20,733,583.24	\$	258,271.99	\$	20,991,855.23



# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		_	Program Revenues		Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	ue and sets
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	nent
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					VOC 970 000 01 0		(8 680 076 08)
Instruction Support Services	6,882,729.39	\$ 46,616.00 76,390.00	18,141.07	9,283.00	(6,788,198.32)		
Community Services Nonprogrammed Charges	58,910.64 378,913.94				(58,910.64) (378,913.94)		(378,913.94)
*Interest on Long-term Debt Cocurricular Activities	533,708.50	98,171.16			(533,708.50) (412,849.60)		(533,708.50) (412,849.60)
Total Governmental Activities	17,916,212.78	221,179.16	822,881.34	19,295.00	(16,852,857.28)		(16,852,857.28)
Business-type Activities: Food Service	1,264,989.19	1,025,007.37	253,671.35			\$ 13,689.53	13,689.53
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,181,201.97	\$ 1,246,186.53	\$ 1,076,552.69	\$ 19,295.00	(16,852,857.28)	13,689.53	(16,839,167.75)
*The District does not have interest expense related to the functions pre-	st ore-	General Revenues: Taxes:	.; S8		10 375 989 08		10.375.989.08
sented above. This amount includes	ges	Gross Tax Receipts	pts		372,342.88		372,342.88
indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.	<u>a</u>	Revenue from State Sources: State aid Unrestricted Investment Earnings	ate sources: stment Earnings		7,343,634.52	2,876.91	7,343,634.52 108,973.56
		Other General Revenues Sale of Surplus Property	venues roperty		271,216.62 1,500.00		271,216.62
		Total General Revenues and Sale of Surplus Property	venues and roperty		18,470,779.75	2,876.91	18,473,656.66
		Change in Net Assets	sets		1,617,922.47	16,566.44	1,634,488.91
		Net Assets-Beginning	ning		19,115,660.77	241,705.55	19,357,366.32
		NET ASSETS - ENDING	NDING		\$ 20,733,583.24	\$ 258,271.99	\$ 20,991,855.23

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# June 30, 2006

		Capital	Special		Bond	Total
	General	Outlay Fund	Education Fund	Pension Fund	Redemption Fund	Governmental Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 630,137.78	\$ 53,333.07	\$ 751,126.06	\$ 260,665.08	\$ 322,646.18	\$ 2,017,908.17
Taxes Receivable-current Taxes Receivable-delinquent Due from Other Governments	2,802,297.67 2,802,297.67 33,773.31 45,102.39	1,312,734.14 16,451.78	529,617.44 7,025.07 46,586.10	131,386.25 1,364.73	349,971.27 5,089.97	5,000,000.00 5,126,006.77 63,704.86 91.688.49
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,511,311.15	\$ 1,382,518.99	\$ 1,334,354.67	\$ 393,416.06	\$ 677,707.42	\$ 10,299,308.29
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	ij					
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$ 73,195.21 951,259.16	\$ 13,014.12	\$ 12,891.55 144,810.46			\$ 99,100.88 1,096,069.62
Fayroll Deductions and Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable  Deferred Revenue	2,836,070.98	1,329,185.92	19,070.41 536,642.51	\$ 132,750.98	\$ 355,061.24	148,105.49 5,189,711.63
Total Liabilities	3,989,560.43	1,342,200.04	713,414.93	132,750.98	355,061.24	6,532,987.62
Fund Balances: Unreserved Fund Balances: Designated for Other Purposes Undesignated Total Fund Balances	12,500.00 2,509,250.72 2,521,750.72	40,318.95	620,939.74	260,665.08	322,646.18	12,500.00 3,753,820.67 3,766,320.67
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 6,511,311.15	\$ 1,382,518.99	\$ 1,334,354.67	\$ 393,416.06	\$ 677,707.42	\$ 10,299,308.29

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 3,766,320.67
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$36,400,89 and the accumulated depreciation is . (11,983,22)	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
General Obligation Bonds (8,665,00	,
Capital Outlay Certificates (3,155,00	•
Early Retirement Benefits Payable (539,73 Compensated Absences (36,33	,
Property taxes will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	5,189,711.63
Accrued interest payable which is not accounted for in the modified accrual basis of accounting but is accounted for in the statement of net assets.	(244,054.00)
Net Assets- Governmental Funds	\$ 20,733,583.24

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	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Gross Receipts Taxes Mobile Home Taxes	\$5,347,761.02 76,121.77 372,342.88 5,013.78	\$2,427,636.28 25,411.77 1,988.46	\$1,023,216.65 10,904.95 829.20	\$248,958.20 1,920.38 186.57	\$698,151.98 7,794.75 570.12	\$9,745,724.13 122,153.62 372,342.88 8,588.13 33,141.07
Tuition and Fees:  Regular Day School Transportation Fees Other Transportation Fees	46,618.00 53,030.00 23,360.00 106,096.65	70001,0				46,618.00 53,030.00 23,360.00 106,096.65
	66,236.00 31,935.16					66,236.00 31,935.16
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals Contributions and Donations Insurance and Judgments Other	29,863.42 9,051.65 10,308.91 35,820.21	36,876.63	400.00			29,863.42 46,328.28 10,308.91 35,965.21
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:	148,750.80		554 708 00			148,750.80
Onrestricted Oranis-III-Aid Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	348,017.41	19,295.00	474,863.93			842,176.34
Total Revenue	13,521,114.10	2,517,375.06	2,067,805.71	251,425.24	708,533.01	19,066,253.12

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Community Services: Community Education	58,503.50			407.14		58,910.64
Nonprogrammed Charges Early Retirement Payments Debt Services		642,171.25		72,651.94	619,351.25	72,651.94 1,261,522.50
Cocurricular Activities.  Male Activities Female Activities	143,733.09 120,943.01 44.566.23	3,607.16				147,340.25 120,943.01 44,566.23
Capital Outlay	159,246.88	1,432.46	2,313.99	2,451.93		163,131.27
Total Expenditures	13,339,689.41	3,019,071.52	2,066,947.57	156,156.40	619,351.25	19,201,216.15
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	181,424.69	(501,696.46)	858.14	95,268.84	89,181.76	(134,963.03)
Other Financing Sources: Sale of Surplus Property Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,500.00					1,500.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	182,924.69	(501,696.46)	858.14	95,268.84	89,181.76	(133,463.03)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	2,338,826.03	542,015.41	620,081.60	165,396.24	233,464.42	3,899,783.70
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2006	\$2,521,750.72	\$ 40,318.95	\$ 620,939.74	\$260,665.08	\$322,646.18	\$3,766,320.67

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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (133,463.03)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the district's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenue and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenue increased by the following amount this year:  Deferred Tax Revenue Adjust Prior Year Taxes	\$5,189,711.63 (4,723,329.50)	466,382.13
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures but in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses. The amount by which capital outlay expenses exceeds depreciation expense in the period is:		
Cost of Capital Assets Depreciation Expense	2,090,774.85 (1,225,241.00)	865,533.85
Repayment of Long Term Debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities:  General Obligation Bonds Capital Outlay Certificates	235,000.00 495,000.00	730,000.00
In the Statement of activities, certain operating expenses- compensated absences and early retirement benefits are measured by the amounts earned and paid during the year. In the governmental funds however expenditures for these items are amount of financial resources used. This year, Vacation earned exceeded the amount paid by	(2,082.48)	
Early Retirement Benefits earned exceeded the amount paid by,	(306,262.00)	(308,344.48)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds. Accrued interest decreased during the year by		 (2,186.00)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,617,922.47

# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds Food Service
	Fund
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory of Supplies	\$ 93,568.64 3,165.56
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	5,419.49
Inventory of Donated Food	5,923.86
Total Current Assets	108,077.55
Capital Assets:	
Machinery and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation (Credit)	634,645.43
Less. Accumulated Depreciation (Credit)	_(469,393.30)
Total Noncurrent Assets	165,252.13
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 273,329.68
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	Ф. 45.057.00
Deposits Payable Total Current Liabilities	\$ 15,057.69 15,057.69
Total Current Liabilities	
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets	165,252.13
Unrestricted Net Assets	93,019.86
Total Net Assets	258,271.99
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 273,329.68

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds
	Food Service Fund
Operating Revenue:	
Sales:	
To Pupils	\$ 613,776.45
To Adults	25,666.05
A la Carte	376,857.45
Other	8,707.42
Total Operating Revenue	1,025,007.37
Operating Expenses:	
Food Service:	
Salaries	377,128.70
Employee Benefits	121,715.10
Purchased Services	22,993.46
Supplies	46,698.47
Cost of Sales-Purchased Food	610,573.41
Cost of Sales-Donated Food	48,488.37
Miscellaneous	141.51
Depreciation-Local Funds	37,250.17
Total Operating Expenses	1,264,989.19
Operating Income (Loss)	(239,981.82)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):	
Local Sources:	
Investment Earnings	2,876.91
State Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	7,119.66
Federal Sources:	100 110 00
Cash Reimbursements	193,448.22
Donated Food	53,103.47
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	256,548.26
Change in Net Assets	16,566.44
Net Assets - Beginning	241,705.55
NET ACCETS ENDING	Ф 050 074 00
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 258,271.99

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

, and the second	Enterprise Funds
	Food Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Receipts from Customers	\$1,016,201.63
Other Operating Cash Receipts(Payments)	8,565.91
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(680,065.37)
Payments to Employees	(498,843.80)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(154,141.63)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Subsidies	200,567.88
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Purchase of Capital Assets	(54,358.23)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest Earnings	2,876.91
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (5,055.07)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	\$ 98,623.71
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	93,568.64
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (5,055.07)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (239,981.82)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	37,250.17
Value of Commodities Used Change in Assets and Liabilities:	48,488.37
Inventories	199.97
Revenue Received in Advance	(98.32)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (154,141.63)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:	
Value of Commodities Received	\$ 53,103.47
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

## BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,554.79	\$ 83,982.05
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,554.79	\$ 83,982.05
LIABILITIES:		
Amounts Held for Others		\$ 83,982.05
Total Liabilities		83,982.05
NET ASSETS		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 10,554.79	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 10,554.79	\$ 83,982.05

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS: Interest on Investments	\$ 310.60
Total Additions	310.60
DEDUCTIONS: Other Deductions	500.00
Total Deductions	500.00
Change in Net Assets	(189.40)
Net Assets - Beginning	10,744.19
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 10,554.79

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

#### a. Financial Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of Brandon Valley School District No 49-2, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the District.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources, in a net assets form (assets minus liabilities equal net assets). Net assets are displayed in three components, as applicable, invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's Governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a

separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

#### Governmental Funds:

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund -- A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund -- A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts which have established such systems, paying the District's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Debt Service Fund Types – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Bond Redemption Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-13 whereby taxes levied are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The 2005, 2003 and 2001 Refunding General Obligation Bond payments are made from this fund. This is a major fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

Enterprise Fund Types - enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Food Service Fund --A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

#### Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds are never considered to be major funds

Private Purpose Trust Fund Types – Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. The school district maintains the Michael Schultz Scholarship Fund, which is the only private purpose trust fund. It is used for the purpose of providing scholarships to students.

Agency Fund Types - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The District maintains agency funds for the following purposes: Science Clubs, Student Council, Drama Club, Choir, Language Clubs, FFA, Peer Helper, Class Funds, Take Heart, Target Take Charge, FBLA and clearing accounts.

#### c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

#### Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting:**

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

#### Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Brandon Valley School District No. 49-2, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues that were accrued at June 30, 2006 are amounts due from other governments for grants.

Under the modified basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The governmental business-type activities and enterprise funds do not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

#### d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

- 1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.
- 2. In order to minimize the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity, certain "centralized expenses" including an administrative overhead component, are charged as direct expenses to funds or programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program,

department, or fund. When expenses are charged in this manner, expense reductions occur in the General Fund, so that expenses are reported only in the function to which they relate.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables (reported in "Advance to" asset accounts) are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of interfund receivables (reported in "Due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources."

#### e. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

The total June 30, 2006 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 5.75 percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. These estimated original costs were established by estimated historical costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated Useful
	Threshold		Method	Life
Land	\$	100.00	NA	NA
Buildings		10,000.00	Straight Line	5-50 yrs.
Building Improvements		10,000.00	Straight Line	5-40 yrs.
Improvements other than Buildings		10,000.00	Straight Line	5-40 yrs.
Machinery and Equipment		1,000.00	Straight Line	5-15 yrs.
Electronics, Computers, Cameras etc		100.00	Straight Line	4 yrs
Food Service Machinery and Equipment		1,000.00	Straight Line	12 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### f. Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences, early retirement benefits payable, capital outlay certificates payable and general obligation bonds payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

#### g. Program Revenues

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

#### h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

#### i. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The school district pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Proprietary Funds essentially have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### j. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Reserved" and "Unreserved" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net assets held in trust for other purposes.

#### k. Application of Net Assets

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net assets, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### I. Use of Estimates

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and, accordingly, include amounts that are based on management's best estimates and judgments.

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1 and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of

pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the Untied States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the school district, as discussed above. The school district has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2006, the school district's investment in the SDFIT pool was unrated.

As of June 30, 2006, the School District had the following investment:

External Investment Pool:

**SDFIT** 

Government Cash Reserve

\$ 7.853.96

The South Dakota Public Funds Investment Trust (SDFIT) was established under SDCL1-24 and is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing. It is regulated by a nine member board with representation from municipalities, school districts and counties. The net asset value of the SDFIT money market account (GCR) is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to the accounts on a monthly basis. The amount reported is at fair value.

Interest Rate Risk – The school district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk - the school district places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. All of the school district's investments are with the SDFIT.

Assignment of Investment Income -State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investments except the Special revenue funds. USGAAP on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated the income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other that the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Since pooling was done to maximize cash management, the interest income from the various special revenue funds was directly recognized in the General Fund. Such amounts were not material to the individual funds.

#### NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

The School District aggregates payables in the financial statements. Detail of significant components is as follows:

Payables at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

	Accounts		Accrued Wages/Benefits			Other Payables	Total Payables		
Governmental Activities:									
General Fund	\$	73,195.21	\$	1,080,294.24			\$	1,153,489.45	
Capital Outlay Fund		13,014.12			\$	54,750.00		67,764.12	
Special Education Fund		12,891.55		163,880.87				176,772.42	
Debt Service Fund			_	-		189,304.00		189,304.00	
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	99,100.88	\$	1,244,175.11	\$	244,054.00	\$	1,587,329.99	
						Customer			
						<u>Deposits</u>			
Business -Type Activities Food Service Fund					\$	15,057.69	\$	15,057.69	
1 000 001 VIOC 1 dilla					Ψ		Ψ	10,007.09	
Total - Business - Type Activities					\$	15,057.69	\$	15,057.69	

#### NOTE 4 - INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is the first in, first out method. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. No material inventories were on hand as of June 30, 2006 in the governmental funds.

### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations but which will not be collected during the "availability period" has been deferred in the fund financial statements. Property tax revenues intended to finance the current year's appropriations, and therefore susceptible to accrual, has been reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements, even though collection will occur in a future year.

#### NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Primary Government				
	Balance		_	Balance
Cavaramantal Activities:	July 1, 2005	Increases	Decrease	June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 898,583			\$ 898,583
Work in Progress	97,843	\$ 1,088,226	\$ 97,843	1,088,226
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	27,009,463	389,240	24,000	27,374,703
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,048,385	169,185		1,217,570
Machinery and Equipment Library Books	4,660,606 713,197	481,074 60,892	60,916 33,040	5,080,764 741,049
Total Assets, being depreciated	33,431,651	1,100,391	117,956	34,414,086
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings .	6,636,603	660,552	24,000	7,273,155
Improvements Other than Buildings	681,005	40,250		721,255
Machinery and Equipment	3,157,424	459,173	60,916	3,555,681
Library Books	400,909	65,266	33,040	433,135
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,875,941	1,225,241	117,956	11,983,226
Total Capital Assets, being				
depreciated, net	22,555,710	(124,850)		22,430,860
Governmental activity capital	<b>A</b> 00 550 400	<b>4</b> 000 070	<b>A</b> 07 040	<b>A</b> 04 447 000
assets, net	\$ 23,552,136	\$ 963,376	\$ 97,843	\$ 24,417,669
**Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follo	ows:		
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction				\$ 638,419
Support Services				551,782
Co-Curricular				35,040
Total Depreciation expense-governme	ental activites			\$ 1,225,241
D				
Business - Type Activities: Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 58	30,287 \$ 54,3	58	\$ 634,645
	Ψ 50	30,201 ψ 3 <del>1</del> ,3	00	ψ 00+,040
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and Equipment	43	32,143 37,2	50	469,393
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 14	<u>48,144</u> <u>\$ 17,1</u>	08 \$ -	\$ 165,252
**Depreciation expense was charged to f	unctions as follow	ws.		
Business-type Activities				
Food Service				\$ 37,250
Total Depreciation expense-business-t	ype activities			\$ 37,250
·	-			

Construction Work in Progress at June 30, 2006 is composed of the following:

Project Name	Project Authorization	Expended thru' 6/30/06	Committed
Middle School Addition	\$ 2,282,000	\$1,088,226	\$ 1,193,774

#### NOTE 7 - LONG -TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Governmental <u>Activities</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Capital Outlay <u>Certificates</u>	Ea	rly Retirement Benefits <u>Payable</u>	Compensated Absences	<u>Totals</u>
Liabilities Payable,						
July 1, 2005	\$8,900,000.00	\$3,650,000.00	\$	233,472.00	\$ 34,248.27	\$ 12,817,720.27
New Issues				378,913.91		378,913.91
Increases					36,330.75	36,330.75
(Decreases)					(34,248.27)	(34,248.27)
Retired Amounts	(235,000.00)	(495,000.00)		(72,651.91)		(802,651.91)
LIABILITIES PAYABLE,						
JUNE 30, 2006	\$8,665,000.00	\$3,155,000.00	\$	539,734.00	\$ 36,330.75	\$12,396,064.75
Due within One Year	\$ 270,000.00	\$ 515,000.00	\$	240,360.00	\$ 36,330.75	\$ 1,061,690.75

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund and Special Education Fund. Early Retirement Benefits Payable for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the Pension Fund.

In prior years the School District defeased certain long-term debt by placing the proceeds of new debt in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the assets being held in trust and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30,2006, the School District had \$6,454,473.21 on deposit with the escrow agent in an irrevocable trust to retire \$6,485,000 of old debt still outstanding which is now considered defeased.

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following:

General Obligation Bonds:	
Series 2001 – Refunding Bonds dated November 1, 2001; Interest rates at 2.45% to 5%, depending on length to maturity; final maturity is January 1, 2022; payments to be made from Debt	
Service Fund	\$ 1,240,000.00
Series 2003 – Refunding Bonds dated April 15, 2003; Interest rates at 1.5% to 3.9%, depending on length to maturity. Final maturity is July 15, 2011; payments to be made from Debt Service Fund.	
	830,000.00
Series 2005 – Refunding Bonds dated April 15, 2005; Interest rates at 3.65% to 4.25%, depending on length to maturity. Final maturity is July 1, 2021; payments to be made from Debt Service	
Fund.	6,595,000.00
Capital Outlay Certificates:  Series 2002 – Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates dated February 1, 2002; Interest rates at 4.125% to 4.5%, depending on length to maturity; final maturity is August 1, 2011; payments made from the Capital Outlay Fund.	2,570,000.00
·	2,070,000.00
Series 2003 – Certificates dated April 15, 2003; Interest rates at 1.550% to 4.10%, depending on length to maturity; final maturity is August 1, 2013; payments made from the Capital Outlay Fund.	
iongan to material, material, to magazin, 2010, paymonto material called y material	585,000.00
Early Retirement:	
Obligation to individuals who fall under the early retirement plan of the Brandon Valley School District. Payments are made to the retiree at the retiree's discretion Payments are made from the	
Pension Fund.	539,734.00
Vested Annual Leave:	
Payments from the General and Special Education Funds.	36,330.75

#### Governmental Activities:

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all debt outstanding, except compensated absences, as of June 30, 2006, except compensated absences are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long Term Debt June 30, 2006

Year	_	General Obli	gati	on Bonds	Capital Outlay Ce			Capital Outlay Certificates		_ Early		Total		
Ending		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Retirement		Principal		Interest
2007	\$	270,000.00	\$	642,992.50	\$	515,000.00	\$	125,993.75	\$	240,360.00	\$	1,025,360.00	\$	768,986.25
2008		300,000.00		634,690.00		540,000.00		105,015.00		203,114.00		1,043,114.00		739,705.00
2009		340,000.00		624,315.00		565,000.00		82,720.00		68,404.00		973,404.00		707,035.00
2010		380,000.00		611,527.50		580,000.00		59,035.00		27,856.00		987,856.00		670,562.50
2011		425,000.00		595,251.25		530,000.00		33,945.00				955,000.00		629,196.25
2012-2016		2,205,000.00		1,518,658.75		425,000.00		17,393.75				2,630,000.00		1,536,052.50
2017-2021		3,845,000.00		600,462.50								3,845,000.00		600,462.50
2022-2026		900,000.00		38,250.00								900,000.00		38,250.00
Totals	\$	8,665,000.00	\$	5,266,147.50	\$_	3,155,000.00	\$	424,102.50	\$	539,734.00	\$	12,359,734.00	\$	5,690,250.00

#### NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES

The district leases various copy machines. These operating leases include maintenance and repairs. The payments are made from the Capital Outlay Fund.

The following are the minimum payments on the existing operating leases:

Year	Amount
2007	\$ 41,250.00
2008	41,250.00
2009	24,062.50

#### NOTE 9 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

This requirement is effectively met by the statements in this report because the one enterprise fund maintained by the School District, the Food Service Fund, has been reported as a major fund, and therefore, the required segment information has already been disclosed in the fund basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The following table shows the net assets restricted for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Assets.

<u>Fund</u>	Restricted by	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Outlay	Law	1,314,754.87
Special Education	Law	1,157,582.25
Pension	Law	409,918.36
Debt Service	<b>Debt Covenants</b>	488,403.42
Food Service	Federal Regulations	93,019.86
Total Restricted Net assets		\$ 3,463,678.76

#### NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees, except for those working less than 20 hours per week, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The school's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$575,521.53, \$536,648.38, and \$508,400.25 respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

#### NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURES

The school district participates in the East Dakota Education Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing educational services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Brandon Valley School District 44% Lennox School District 27% West Central School District 29%

The co-op's governing board is composed of one representative from each member school district, who is a school board member. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The school district retains no equity in the net assets of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from East Dakota Educational Cooperative.

At June 30, 2006, this joint venture had long- term liabilities of \$231,201 and net assets of \$574,217.

#### NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2006, the school district managed its risks as follows:

#### Employee Health Insurance

The school district purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

#### Liability Insurance

The school district purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of, or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

#### Workmen's Compensation

The school district purchases liability insurance for workmen's compensation from a commercial carrier

#### **Unemployment Benefits**

The school has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. The school has designated equity in the amount of \$12,500 in the general fund for the payment of future employment benefits.

#### NOTE 14- EARLY RETIREMENT PLAN

The district maintains an early retirement plan for certified teachers and administrators. The plan is available to employees who choose early retirement within six years of attaining age 55 and have at least 15 years of continuous service with the district. Under the plan, the district will pay 100% of the employee's current annual salary, payable in 2-6 equal installments following retirement. The amount paid for such benefits during the year was \$72,652.

### NOTE 15 - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

At June 30, 2006, the school district was not involved in any litigation.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Variance

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$5,350,000.00	\$5,350,000.00	\$ 5,347,761.02	\$ (2,238.98)
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	75,000.00	75,000.00	76,121.77	1,121.77
Tax Deed Revenue	2,000.00	2,000.00		(2,000.00)
Gross Receipts Taxes	406,500.00	406,500.00	372,342.88	(34,157.12)
Mobile Home Taxes	10,000.00	10,000.00	5,013.78	(4,986.22)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	15,000.00	15,000.00	21,859.92	6,859.92
Tuition and Fees:	. 0,000.00	.0,000.00	21,000.02	0,000.02
Regular Day School Tuition	45,000.00	45,000.00	46,618.00	1,618.00
Regular Day School Transportation Fees	50,000.00	50,000.00	53,030.00	3,030.00
Other Transportation Fees	25,000.00	25,000.00	23,360.00	(1,640.00)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	55,000.00	55,000.00	106,096.65	51,096.65
Cocurricular Activities:	33,333.33	00,000.00	100,000.00	01,000.00
Admissions	59,000.00	59,000.00	66,236.00	7,236.00
Other Pupil Activity Income	25,000.00	25,000.00	31,935.16	6,935.16
Other Revenue from Local Sources:	20,000.00	20,000.00	01,000110	0,000.10
Rentals	35,000.00	35,000.00	29,863.42	(5,136.58)
Donations	5,000.00	5,000.00	9,051.65	4,051.65
Insurance and Judgments	5,000.00	5,000.00		5,308.91
Other	40,000.00	40,000.00	·	(4,179.79)
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
County Sources:				
County Apportionment	130,000.00	130,000.00	148,750.80	18,750.80
Revenue from State Sources:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	6,640,000.00	6,640,000.00	6,788,926.52	148,926.52
Revenue from Federal Sources:	, .,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid received				
from Federal Government				
Through the State	327,000.00	327,000.00	348,017.41	21,017.41
Total Revenue	13,299,500.00	13,299,500.00		221,614.10
Total November	10,200,000.00	.0,200,000.00		
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary School	3,418,700.00	3,418,700.00	3,429,873.18	(11,173.18)
Middle/Junior High	1,735,200.00	1,735,200.00		(771.24)
High School	2,148,200.00	2,148,200.00		(147.24)
Class Size Reduction Program	98,200.00	98,200.00	98,322.48	(122.48)
Special Programs:				
Gifted and Talented	52,300.00	52,300.00	51,917.04	382.96
Culturally Different	39,800.00	39,800.00	38,432.32	1,367.68
Educationally Deprived	85,000.00	85,000.00	80,726.43	4,273.57
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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Support Services: Pupils:				
Attendance and Social Work	17,100.00	17,100.00	18,141.07	(1,041.07)
Guidance	270,900.00	270,900.00	271,926.10	(1,026.10)
Health	81,100.00	81,100.00	81,506.53	(406.53)
Support Services - Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	163,100.00	163,100.00	157,147.22	5,952.78
Educational Media	472,200.00	472,200.00	468,733.62	3,466.38
Support Services - General Administration				
Board of Education	107,100.00	107,100.00	119,284.90	(12,184.90)
Executive Administration	322,600.00	322,600.00	331,232.46	(8,632.46)
Support Services - School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	901,600.00	901,600.00	885,346.28	16,253.72
Other	50,200.00	50,200.00	50,328.33	(128.33)
Support Services - Business:	100 000 00	400 000 00	000 474 07	
Fiscal Services	199,800.00	199,800.00	200,174.27	(374.27)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,007,100.00	2,007,100.00	1,968,326.96	38,773.04
Pupil Transportation	627,900.00	627,900.00	636,993.27	(9,093.27)
Internal Services	41,200.00	41,200.00	39,965.76	1,234.24
Community Services:	04 700 00	04 700 00	50 500 50	0.400.50
Community Education	61,700.00	61,700.00	58,503.50	3,196.50
Cocurricular Activities:	404 000 00	404.000.00	440.700.00	(0.000.00)
Male Activities	134,800.00	134,800.00	143,733.09	(8,933.09)
Female Activities	123,000.00	123,000.00	120,943.01	2,056.99
Transportation Combined Activities	42,300.00	42,300.00	44,566.23	(2,266.23)
Combined Activities	153,400.00	153,400.00	159,246.88	(5,846.88)
Total Expenditures	13,354,500.00	13,354,500.00	13,339,689.41	14,810.59
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(55,000.00)	(55,000.00)	181,424.69	236,424.69
Other Financing Sources:				
Sale of Surplus Property			1,500.00	1,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			1,500.00	1,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)			1,300.00	1,500.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(55,000.00)	(55,000.00)	182,924.69	237,924.69
Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	2,338,826.03	2,338,826.03	2,338,826.03	
		2,000,020.00	2,000,020.00	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2006	\$ 2,283,826.03	\$2,283,826.03	\$ 2,521,750.72	\$237,924.69

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance
	Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Fillal	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				<b>.</b>
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2,443,000.00	\$ 2,443,000.00	\$ 2,427,636.28	\$ (15,363.72)
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	20,000.00	20,000.00	25,411.77	5,411.77
Mobile Home Taxes	5,000.00	5,000.00	1,988.46	(3,011.54)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	8,000.00	8,000.00	6,166.92	(1,833.08)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:	20,000,00	20,000,00	20,070,02	40.070.00
Donations Revenue from Federal Sources:	20,000.00	20,000.00	36,876.63	16,876.63
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from				
Federal Government Through the State	17,000.00	17,000.00	19,295.00	2,295.00
Total Revenue				
Total Revenue	2,513,000.00	2,513,000.00	2,517,375.06	4,375.06
Evnandituraa				
Expenditures: Instruction:				
Regular Programs: Elementary	105,400.00	105,400.00	114 270 66	(0.070.00)
Middle/Junior High	49,500.00	49,500.00	114,370.66 54,546.00	(8,970.66)
High School	109,500.00	109,500.00	113,790.77	(5,046.00)
Special Programs:	109,500.00	109,300.00	113,790.77	(4,290.77)
Gifted	1,800.00	1,800.00	654,44	1,145.56
Special Education	16,900.00	16,900.00	16,265.92	634.08
Basic Skills	17,000.00	17,000.00	10,200.02	17,000.00
Support Services-Pupils:	,000.00	,000.00		11,000.00
Guidance			1,154.70	(1,154.70)
Support Services - Instructional Staff:			.,	(1,101110)
Educational Media	21,200.00	21,200.00	16,942.99	4,257.01
Support Services - General Administration	,	12,600.00	5,483.75	7,116.25
Support Services - School Administration:		,	,	.,
Office of the Principal	15,200.00	15,200.00	16,797.38	(1,597.38)
Other	5,600.00	5,600.00	6,130.90	(530.90)
Support Services - Business:				,
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00	1,088,226.00	11,774.00
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	787,300.00	787,300.00	641,455.67	145,844.33
Pupil Transportation	192,000.00	192,000.00	181,073.29	10,926.71
Internal Services	70,000.00	70,000.00	57,263.06	12,736.94
Debt Services	642,000.00	642,000.00	642,171.25	(171.25)
Cocurricular Activities:	38,000.00	38,000.00	62,744.74	(24,744.74)
Total Expenditures	3,184,000.00	3,184,000.00	3,019,071.52	_164,928.48
Net Change in Fund Balance	(671,000.00)	(671,000.00)	(501,696.46)	169,303.54
Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	542,015.41	542,015.41	542,015.41	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2006	\$ (128,984.59)	\$ (128,984.59)	\$ 40,318.95	\$ 169,303.54
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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,020,000.00	\$ 1,020,000.00	\$ 1,023,216.65	\$ 3,216.65	
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	6,000.00	6,000.00	10,904.95	4,904.95	
Mobile Home Taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00	829.20	(1,170.80)	
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,737.98	737.98	
Contributions and Donations			545.00	545.00	
Revenue from State Sources:					
Restricted Grant in Aid	540,000.00	540,000.00	554,708.00	14,708.00	
Revenue from Federal Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received					
Federal Government through State	475,000.00	475,000.00	474,863.93	(136.07)	
Total Revenue	2,045,000.00	2,045,000.00	2,067,805.71	22,805.71	
Total Nevenue	2,040,000.00	2,040,000.00	2,001,000.11		
Expenditures: Special Programs Programs for Special Education Support Services Pupils:	1,616,500.00	1,616,500.00	1,234,251.52	382,248.48	
Health			40,178.60	(40,178.60)	
Psychological			88,697.96	(88,697.96)	
Speech Pathology	255,000.00	255,000.00	226,268.12	28,731.88	
Student Therapy Services			184,120.60	(184,120.60)	
Support Services - Special Education				/ <b></b>	
Administrative Costs	126,500.00	126,500.00	172,320.90	(45,820.90)	
Transportation Costs Other	3,000.00 81,000.00	3,000.00 81,000.00	56,307.78 64,802.09	(53,307.78) 16,197.91	
Total Expenditures	2,082,000.00	2,082,000.00	2,066,947.57	15,052.43	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(37,000.00)	(37,000.00)	858.14	37,858.14	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	620,081.60	620,081.60	620,081.60		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2006	\$ 583,081.60	\$ 583,081.60	\$ 620,939.74	\$ 37,858.14	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -BUDGETARY BASIS PENSION FUND

	D danaka d	Durdwated Americate		Variance	
		Budgeted Amounts		Positive	
D	<u>Original</u>	Final	Basis)	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:	¢047,000,00	£047.000.00	Ф 040.050.00	<b>#</b> 4 050 00	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$247,000.00	\$247,000.00	\$ 248,958.20	\$1,958.20	
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,920.38 186.57	(79.62)	
Mobile Home Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes	500.00 500.00	500.00 500.00	360.09	(313.43) (139.91)	
Total Revenue	250,000.00	250,000.00	251,425.24	1,425.24	
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Elementary	24,500.00	24,500.00	24,662.94	(162.04)	
Middle/Junior High	12,800.00	12,800.00	12,655.21	(162.94) 144.79	
High School	15,200.00	15,200.00	15,138.67	61.33	
Class Size Reduction Programs	700.00	700.00	754.99		
Special Programs:	700.00	700.00	754.99	(54.99)	
Gifted	300.00	300.00	336.38	(36.38)	
Culturally Different	200.00	200.00	325.32	(125.32)	
Educational Deprived	500.00	500.00	549.62	(49.62)	
Support Services:	300.00	300.00	040.02	(49.02)	
Pupils:					
Attendance and Social Work	100.00	100.00	79.65	20.35	
Guidance	2,200.00	2,200.00	2,136.54	63.46	
Health	600.00	600.00	560.58	39.42	
Instructional Staff:	000.00	000.00	000.00	00.42	
Improvement of Instruction	1,400.00	1,400.00	1,331.82	68.18	
Educational Media	3,000.00	3,000.00	2,894.02	105.98	
General Administration:	5,555.55	5,555.55	_,~~	100.00	
Executive Administration	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,564.08	235.92	
School Administration:	_,	_,	_,	200.02	
Office of Principal	6,300.00	6,300.00	6,399.37	(99.37)	
Other	300.00	300.00	325.84	(25.84)	
Business:				(==::-,	
Fiscal Services	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,472.23	27.77	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,300.00	7,300.00	6,931.31	368.69	
Pupil Transportation	1,200.00	1,200.00	1,217.24	(17.24)	
Internal Services	300.00	300.00	309.58	(9.58)	
Community Services:				(,	
Community Education	500.00	500.00	407.14	92.86	
Nonprogrammed Charges:					
Early Retirement Payments	72,800.00	72,800.00	72,651.94	148.06	
Cocurricular Activities:	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,451.93	48.07	
Total Expenditures	157,000.00	157,000.00	156,156.40	843.60	
Net Change in Fund Balances	93,000.00	93,000.00	95,268.84	2,268.84	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	165,396.24	165,396.24	165,396.24		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2006	\$258,396.24	\$258,396.24	\$ 260,665.08	\$2,268.84	
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# BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NOTE 1 - BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- 6. After adoption by the board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined, during the year, that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### NOTE 2- GAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate.

### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures Amount 2006
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Pass-Through the SD Department of Education:			
Food Distribution (Commodities Used) Child Nutrition Cluster:(Note 3 & 4)	10.550	N/A	\$ 48,488.37
Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	21,491.30
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	168,936.94
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	N/A	3,019.98
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			241,936.59
Pass-Through the SD Department of Education: Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities			
State Grant Title IV	84.186	N/A	18,141.07
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.010A	N/A	80,726.43
with Disabilities - Idea Part C Special Education Cluster: (Note 2 & 3) Special Education - Grants to States	84.181	N/A	5,805.20
(IDEA, Part B, P.L. 102-119) Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.027	N/A	427,688.00
(IDEA, Part B, Section 619, P.L. 102-119) Innovative Education Program Strategies	84.173	N/A	15,863.00
(Title VI)	84.298	N/A	19,295.00
Education Technology State Grant	84.318	N/A	2,130.00
Tech-Prep Education	84.243	N/A	774.15
Curriculum Mapping	84.336	N/A	63,902.62
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N/A	97,899.39
Total U.S. Department of Education			732,224.86
General Services Administration: Pass through the SD Federal Property Agency			
Donation of Federal Surplus Property (Note 5)	39.003	N/A	178.72
Other Federal Assistance:			
Medicaid Administration Payments	93.788	N/A	87,298.00
Grand Total			\$ 1,061,638.17

### BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

- NOTE 1: The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards include the federal grant activity of Brandon Valley School District, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.
- NOTE 2: Federal reimbursements are not based on specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.
- NOTE 3: This represents a major federal financial assistance program.
- NOTE 4: The amounts reflect cash received. Federal reimbursements are based on approved rates for services provided rather than reimbursement for specific expenditures.
- NOTE 5: The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the school.



NCA ACCREDITED K-12

#### **BRANDON VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT 49-2**

Administration Center
301 South Splitrock Boulevard, Brandon, SD 57005-1651

Phone (605) 582-2049 Business Office (605) 582-2058 Fax (605) 582-7456 David M. Pappone, Superintendent Paul J. Lundberg, Business Manager Todd R. Williams, Operations Manager

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Mike Klumpp, President Kevin Thelen, Vice President Todd Neuberger, Member Jean Bender, Member Gregg Ode, Member

#### CORRECTIVE PLAN OF ACTION

Brandon Valley School District 49-2 has considered the audit finding relating to the lack of segregation of duties for revenues. At this time is it not cost efficient for Brandon Valley School District 49-2 to hire the additional staff needed to achieve the desired and required segregation of duties. Alternate procedures have been implemented by Brandon Valley School District 49-2 to decrease the likelihood that financial data is adversely affected.

Brandon Valley School District 49-2 will continue to monitor the necessity to have segregation of duties for revenues and implement such a segregation as budget dollars and board authority allows.

David M. Pappone Superintendent

Paul J. Lundberg Business Manager